



Cairn Energy began similar arbitration proceedings against India in 2015 under the UK-India bilateral investment treaty. (HT)

Vodafone ruling may set precedent for other cases

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 Cairn India
- The setback may prompt the Indian govt to renegotiate certain investment treaties

Vodafone Group Plc's big win against the Indian government could set a precedent for similar arbitration cases, including the one initiated by Cairn Energy Plc, legal experts said, potentially prompting India to speed up its renegotiation of similar investment treaties, at the risk of raising the country's political risk premium.

On Friday, an arbitration court in the Hague ruled that India's over ₹22,000-crore demand from Vodafone Group violated the bilateral investment treaty (BIT) between India and the Netherlands, adding that any attempt to enforce the demand would violate India's international law obligations. India has said it will study the arbitration award and decide on a further course of action after legal and other consultations. Experts said they expect more such rulings against India.

In March 2015, Cairn Energy began international arbitration proceedings against India under the UK-India BIT, after India's retrospective tax made it liable to pay ₹10,570 crore. The arbitration panel has finished hearing the case. A Cairn spokesperson said, "We have been advised by the international arbitration panel to expect the outcome "after the end of summer".

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"This judgement sets an important precedent not just for tax but also for investments in general. After an investment is made, if the country changes its policies retrospectively, which impacts a company's investment, then the country has to make good the losses incurred," said Dinesh Kanabar, CEO, Dhruva Advisors. "However, this precedent would apply only in a situation where India has a bilateral investment treaty, and the treaty does not exclude tax from its purview," he added. The finance ministry's stand after the Vodafone ruling is keeping concerns alive. "We shall be examining the order carefully, and further appropriate action would be taken after obtaining a legal opinion, including, inter alia, challenging the award by filing an application before the appropriate court in Singapore, which is the seat of the arbitration," said a government official with direct knowledge of the matter.

The government is also in the process of withdrawing from BIT across jurisdictions.

"The Indian government is duty-bound to take all steps to protect public money, and if there is any attempt to avoid taxes by routing the transaction through tax havens, it is entitled to take all measures, including an amendment in the law to stop such abuse," this person added.

According to Richie Sancheti, leader, investment funds at law firm Nishith Desai Associates, the setback could also lead to further withdrawal or disengagement from BITs going forward.